

1950 Northwestern Avenue Suite 102 Stillwater, MN 55082-7615 Phone: 651-430-3800

Fax: 651-430-3827 www.midwestspineandbrain.com

# Coccygectomy

#### Introduction

Based on your clinical symptoms, physical examination findings, diagnostic tests, and the past treatments you have tried, your doctor has determined that you are a candidate for coccygectomy (surgical removal the tailbone).

## **Indications for surgery**

Coccygectomy is a treatment option that may be considered for persistent pain that is not alleviated or well-controlled with other conservative or non-surgical treatments.

## **Description of Procedure**

An incision will be made over the top of the coccyx (tailbone) which is located just under the skin and fatty tissue. There are no muscles to dissect or move out of the way. The covering over the bone (periosteum) is surgically moved away allowing the tailbone to be separated from the sacrum (the bone above the tailbone). After the coccyx is removed the wound is closed with non-dissolving sutures and the skin is closed with surgical glue.

## **After Surgery**

The operation typically takes about 30 minutes and patients typically go home the same day. When you are discharged following surgery, we expect that in most cases you will be self-sufficient in your personal care. However, depending on your home situation, arrangements may need to be made for additional help. These arrangements, including home care services and/or medical equipment for home use, are made in the hospital before discharge.

#### Medication

You may be provided prescriptions prior to your surgery. These prescriptions may include:

- A special soap-to use the day before and the morning of your surgery for the purpose of reducing risk
  of infection.
- Stool softener- to begin taking the night before surgery to prevent post-operative constipation.
- Smooth muscle relaxer to decrease the risk of postoperative urinary retention (males with urinary history).

## **Paperwork**

Please do not bring any paperwork that needs to be completed by our office to the hospital with you. All paperwork related to disability, FMLA or other medical legal forms should be mailed to Midwest Spine and Brain Institute, Attention Medical Legal Department, 1950 Northwestern Avenue Suite 102, Stillwater, MN 55082. Please allow 1-2 weeks for forms to be completed. Midwest Spine & Brain Institute does charge an administrative fee for such paperwork to be completed. You may leave a message for our Medical Legal Department at 651-259-4522.

#### Questions

If you have any questions regarding your surgery, please contact our office at 651-430-3800 to talk with your care team.

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# **Medication Instructions Before Surgery**

You will need to stop taking certain medications and supplements before surgery.

If you have any questions, please contact our office at 651-430-3800.

# **Blood Thinning Medication**

Although it is not safe to proceed with surgery while taking the following "blood thinner" anticoagulant medication, it is also not safe to stop these medications without first consulting with the medical doctor who prescribed it for you. If you are taking blood thinning medication, discuss a plan with the doctor who is prescribing the medication.

These medications include, but are not limited to:

- Coumadin (warfarin)
- Plavix (clopidogrel)
- Eliquis (apixaban)
- Xarelto (rivaroxaban)
- Pradaxa (dabigatran)
- Brilinta (ticagrelor)

# **Anti-Inflammatory Medication**

It is recommended that you stop taking antiinflammatory medications <u>10 days before surgery</u>. These medications include, but are not limited to the following:

> Advil Indocin Lodine Aleve **Anaprox** Motrin **Aspirin** Naproxen Celebrex Orudis Daypro Oruvail Disalcid Relafen Ibuprofen Vioxx Excedrin Meloxicam

# **Herbal Supplements**

It is recommended that you stop taking the following herbal supplements **7 days before surgery**.

Danshen Ginseng
Dong quai Goldenseal

Echinacea Kava

Ephedra Licorice

Feverfew St. John's Wort

Garlic Valerian
Ginger Vitamin E
Gingko Yohimbe

Fish Oil Any Multivitamin

Weight Loss Medications/Supplements

# **Preoperative Instruction**

Dear Patient: Please take this preoperative instruction sheet to your family physician when you have your pre-op examination.

Dear Health Care Provider,

o CBC

Please perform pre-operative evaluation and testing listed below, which is based on patient's health condition(s) and current evidence-based guidelines. Thank you!

	oar Fusion (One or Two Le ical, Thoracic and Lumba			r A	rtificial	Disc Repla	cement	and Lami	nectom	ıy	
0	CBC										
0	POTASSIUM			If c	n diuretics	, anti-hyperter	nsive or car	diac medication	ons		
0	BMP			If p	atient is ta	aking an ACE	/ARB medi	cation			
0	EKG			Ма	le/Female	65 years of ag	je or greate	r – needs with	nin 1 year	prior	
	ior/Posterior Spine Surge horacic Fusion to Include		ervical a	nd	Lumba	r), Lumbar	Spinal F	Fusion (3 o	or More	Leve	els)
0	CBC										
0	INR										
0	BMP										
0	POTASSIUM			If c	n diuretics	, anti-hyperter	nsive or car	diac medicatio	ons		
0	EKG			Ма	le/Female	50 years of ag	ge or greate	r – needs with	nin 1 year	prior	
Pleas	se see the following for a	ny ad	ditiona	l co	ondition	specific t	esting:				
*	Cardiovascular Disease										
	o CBC	(	o BMP			0	EKG		(	c CX	(R
*	History of Stroke										
	o EKG										
*	Bleeding Disorder/Anemia										
	o CBC			0	INR						
*	Pulmonary Disease										
	o CXR										
*	Hepatic Disease										
	o CBC			0	INR			0	CMP		
*	Renal Disease										
	o CBC			0	BMP			0	EKG		
*	Endocrine Disorder										
	o BMP			0	EKG						
*	BMI >35 <u>AND</u> another risk factor										
	o EKG										
*	Chemotherapy										

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# Attention: Medical Facilities Performing Pre-Op Examinations

Please fax a copy of the pre-op exam to the hospital where the patient is having their surgery performed. Also, please fax a copy to Midwest Spine & Brain Institute. It is imperative that the hospital and Midwest Spine & Brain Institute have a copy before the surgery can be performed. Many times the surgery is early in the morning and the clinic where the pre-op was performed has not opened making it difficult to obtain a copy of the pre-op if necessary. Please ask the patient what particular hospital they will utilize.

Please bring a copy of your pre-op physical to the hospital ONLY if your surgery is scheduled for the next day.

Midwest Spine & Brain Institute fax number: 651-430-3827

Fax Numbers to commonly used Hospitals and Surgery Centers:

Fairview Ridges Hospital	952-892-2078
Fairview Ridges Surgery Center	952-898-3482
Greenway Surgery Center	612-728-2660
Maplewood Surgery Center	651-471-9748
North Memorial Health Hospital	763-581-3821
St. Croix Regional Medical Center	715-483-0519
St. John's Hospital (HealthEast)	651-326-8631
United Hospital	651-241-5073
Woodbury Surgical Suites	651-493-0344

Thank you for your assistance.

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# Recovery at Home after Back Surgery

# **Recovery Time**

The symptoms you had before surgery can take weeks or months to improve. It is common for these symptoms to come and go after surgery.

Be patient and allow your body time to heal.

# **Bathing**

For three to six weeks after surgery, or until your incision is healed, you can only take showers. Do not take baths.

- Cover your incision with plastic wrap and tape until drainage stops. Once your incision is no longer draining, you may shower with it uncovered.
- You may use a stool to sit on (like you did in the hospital).
- Keep your soap, shampoo and other items within reach.
- If you drop something, do not try to pick it up.
   Ask for help or have extra supplies handy.

# **Dressings & Bandages**

- Change your dressing daily, using light gauze and tape, until drainage stops.
- Once drainage has stopped, you can leave your incision uncovered.
- Keep your incision clean and dry.
- Change your dressing after showering, and when it becomes wet.

# **Stitches & Staples**

- If you have staples along your incision, they will be removed at your follow-up visit two to three weeks after surgery.
- If you have small strips of tape (Steri-Strips) along your incision, they will fall off on their own within 2-3 weeks. Do not pull these off. When they fall off, they do not need to be replaced.

## Call an Ambulance

CALL 911 IF YOU ARE EXPERIENCING CHEST PAIN, SHORTNESS OF BREATH, OR DIFFICULTY BREATHING

#### **Call Your Care Team**

Call 651-430-3800 to speak with your care team if you have:

- a temperature of 101° F or higher
- yellow or green drainage or more than a slight amount of bloody drainage from your incision
- redness, swelling, or warmth by your incision
- new or unusual pain, numbness, or tingling
- pain you cannot control
- any bowel or bladder changes
- an opening in your incision
- pain in your calf or pressure in your legs
- been sent home from surgery with a drain
- any other questions or concerns

#### **Movement & Exercise**

#### Walking

- Initially, walk for exercise and to regain your strength and endurance. Begin slowly, and increase the amount you walk as tolerated.
- If you become sore or have pain, decrease the amount of walking for 1-2 days. Slowly increase the amount you walk again as tolerated.

#### Sitting

- Practice good posture.
- Use fatigue as a reminder to rest.
- Increase the length of time you sit as necessary and as tolerated.

#### Bending, Twisting & Lifting

- Do not bend or twist a lot.
- If bending and lifting are necessary, do so at your knees and keep your back straight.
- Use a "reacher" to pick items up off the floor.
- Try not to lift items heavier than 5 pounds until your first follow up appointment.

- Carry items close to your body at waist level.
- Avoid activities like sweeping and vacuuming.

#### Steps

- Limit steps to only a few initially. You may gradually increase the number of steps you take as tolerated.
- Take your time. Steps may be challenging as surgery may make it hard to see where your feet are placed. Be sure your feet are firmly placed on each step before shifting your weight.

#### Driving

 Do not drive while taking prescription pain medication.

#### **Sexual Activities**

 You may resume sexual activities as your symptoms allow.

# Bracing

- If a brace has been recommended, wear it as directed by your surgeon.
- Do not take your brace off before you are supposed to, even if you are feeling better.
- Your provider will review your x-rays at followup visits and will discuss wearing your brace less.
- Keep your skin healthy under your brace.
  - Wear a dry, wrinkle-free cotton undershirt under the brace.
  - Apply Witch Hazel with brisk but gentle slapping movements until dry.
  - Use powders sparingly.
  - Contact your orthotist if you develop redness, pressure areas or sores under your brace. Your orthotist may be able to adjust your brace.
  - Wash your brace and pads daily using a damp cloth and clean water.

# **Avoid Constipation**

Prescription pain medicine, anesthesia and decreased activity can slow your digestion and cause constipation.

- Take stool softeners, such as Colace, as needed while you are taking narcotic pain medicine.
- Do not strain to have a bowel movement.
- You may try Milk of Magnesia or Miralax if stool softeners are not effective.
- Drink plenty of water.
- Include fruits and vegetables into your diet.

# **Prescription Pain Medication**

Depending on your surgery and condition, your medicine will be refilled for a short time after surgery. If you still need pain medication after this time, your provider may refer you to your primary care physician or a pain clinic for further management.

- Take your recommended doses when your pain is at its worst. Slowly cut back (taper) on the narcotic when you think your pain is under control.
- Benzodiazepines (medications to calm or relax you) may need to be reduced or stopped before surgery and while taking any pain medication after surgery. Please discuss a plan for this with your primary care physician.
- Please call your care team if you have questions about your pain medication plan.

# **Medications That Affect Bone Healing**

- If you have had a fusion surgery, take Calcium and Vitamin D for 12 months after surgery.
- If you had a fusion surgery:
  - Do not take nonsteroidal antiinflammatory medications (known as NSAIDS) such as ibuprofen (Advil® or Motrin®) and naproxen (Aleve®) for 6-12 months after surgery.
  - Do not take Bisphosphonates, including Reclast®, for 12 months after surgery.
  - The above medications can interfere with bone healing.

#### Questions

Call 651-430-3800 to speak with your care team.

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# Potential Risks and Complications of Surgery

Although the most likely complications are identified below, this is not a complete list, and other complications can occur. These risks should not be taken lightly, however, the possibility of any of these happening is very low. Risks specific to certain spine surgeries are outlined in addition to the general spine surgery risks below.

- Your surgeon cannot guarantee relief of pain or other symptoms following surgery.
- X-ray may be used during your surgery. If you are pregnant, this could be unsafe for your baby.
- There is a risk for an allergic reaction to general anesthesia (being put to sleep).
- Lung problems (such as pneumonia), blood clots, heart attack, stroke, fluid or blood accumulation near the wound, injury to a major blood vessel and wound infections can occur.
- If a spinal nerve is injured, it could result in permanent pain, numbness, or weakness in a limb, or loss of bowel or bladder control.
- If the spinal cord is injured, it could result in permanent paralysis in the legs and possibly parts of the arms.
- The spinal nerves and spinal cord travel through the vertebrae in a sac filled with spinal fluid. If the sac is
  punctured, spinal fluid will leak out. This is known as a dural leak. If this occurs you may be advised to remain flat
  in bed to prevent a spinal headache and allow the puncture site to heal. On rare occasions, an injection or further
  surgery may be required to seal the puncture site.
- A significant amount of blood can be lost during spine surgery, which may require you to have a blood transfusion. Your surgeon may recycle your own blood during surgery so, if needed, you may receive it back in a transfusion during or after surgery. We will help you make the necessary arrangements. If you do need blood from a blood bank, risks include hepatitis, allergic reactions, and on extremely rare occasions HIV/AIDS.
- If hardware or other implants are used during your surgery, there is a chance this could become loose or dislodged. Additional surgery may be required to correct this.

#### **Anterior Cervical Surgery**

• The incision for an anterior neck surgery is located near the esophagus, trachea, and major blood vessels such as the carotid artery. Injury to the esophagus or trachea could result in severe infection. Injury to the carotid artery could result in stroke. Recurrent laryngeal nerve injury, swallowing difficulty, temporary speech difficulty/hoarseness can also occur.

#### **Anterior Lumbar or Thoracic Surgery**

• The incision for an anterior surgery of your low or mid back is made on the abdomen or thorax (rib cage). For male patients only, small nerves may be cut causing sterility. Following surgery, sperm are still produced but are not ejaculated outside the body. The male patient's ability to achieve erection and orgasm are not affected.

#### Discectomy, Laminectomy, and Decompression Surgery

• Because some of the inner jelly-like material may remain after surgery, there is a small risk of developing another disc protrusion in the same area.

#### **Fusion Surgery**

- Unfortunately, there is no way to guarantee the bone in your fusion will mature and become solid.
- Solid fusions will not always eliminate your pain.
- Factors such as metabolism, age, and activity level play a role in your body's ability to "weld" together the pieces
  of bone placed during surgery. The process of your fusion will be monitored with x-rays at your follow-up
  appointments.
- Studies have clearly documented that smokers have a significantly lower rate of successful solid fusions as compared to non-smokers. For this reason, it is strongly recommended that any patients contemplating spinal fusion surgery stop smoking prior to their surgery.
- Occasionally, fusion cases include harvesting bone from the patient's pelvis. Immediately following surgery, this
  area may be the greatest source of pain. In most cases, the pain subsides over time but may not completely go
  away.

- Some fusions require the use of bone plugs or synthetic cages. During the first several months following surgery, and before the fusion is solid, these bone plugs can become dislodged. Depending on the amount of movement that occurs, additional surgery may be required to reposition the bone plug.
- A fusion surgery places extra pressure/stress on levels immediately above and below your surgical site. This added stress can cause degeneration at those levels and may cause a need for additional surgery in the future.

#### **Spinal Cord Stimulator Surgery**

- A successful trial does not guarantee the leads will be placed in the exact same spot during the permanent implant.
- Reprogramming of the spinal cord stimulator following the implant may be necessary depending on your pain and symptoms.

#### **Coccygectomy Surgery**

• The rectum lies in front of the coccyx (tailbone). During removal of the coccyx, the rectum, if punctured, can become infected. While the chance of this happening is low, a diverting colostomy (redirecting the colon to evacuate feces via the abdomen) would be necessary to allow the rectum to heal.

#### **Kyphoplasty**

- Occasionally, local anesthesia is used in place of general anesthesia. Risks of bruising, numbness, tingling and weakness at the insertion site, temporary blurred vision, dizziness, vomiting, headache, and muscle twitching can occur.
- The cement can leak into, or up against, organs, vessels, and/or nerves.

I understand the potential benefits of the proposed treatment and any alternative forms of treatment, including my option of receiving no treatment. By signing below, I agree that I have had the opportunity to ask any and all questions that I may have and wish to proceed with surgery.

Patient (or Representative) Signature:	Date:
Witness Signature:	Date:

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# Notice of Disclosure

The following disclosures may apply to the treatment you receive at Midwest Spine & Brain Institute (MSBI). Please contact your MSBI physician or Administration if you have any questions about any of the following disclosures.

#### **Disclosure of Ownership in Ambulatory Surgery Centers**

If your MSBI physician refers you to Maplewood Surgery Center, Woodbury Surgery Center or Greenway Surgical Suites, the following disclosure applies:

Your health care provider is referring you to a facility or service in which your health care provider has a financial or economic interest. The MSBI physicians who are listed below have an ownership interest in these ambulatory surgery centers. You are free to choose a different ambulatory surgery center. If you would like to do so, please notify your physician and we will be happy to accommodate your request.

This disclosure applies to the following MSBI Physicians for Maplewood Surgery Center: David T. Chang, M.D., Ph.D.

This disclosure applies to the following MSBI Physicians for Greenway Surgical Suites: Stefano M. Sinicropi, M.D.; Glenn R. Buttermann, M.D.; David T. Chang M.D. Ph.D.; Todd E. Jackman, M.D.

This disclosure applies to the following MSBI Physicians for Woodbury Surgery Center: Glenn R. Buttermann, M.D., M.S.

#### **Disclosure of Ownership in Outside Facilities**

Your health care provider is referring you to a facility or service in which your health care provider has a financial or economic interest. The MSBI physician listed below has an ownership interest in this outside clinic. You are free to choose a different clinic. If you would like to do so, please notify your physician and we will be happy to accommodate your request.

This disclosure applies to the following MSBI Physicians for HyperCharge Clinic: Stefano M. Sinicropi, M.D.

#### **Disclosure of Industry Relationships**

If you are scheduled to receive a neurosurgical or orthopedic implant, biologic product or device during your surgical procedure, it is possible that your spine surgeon may have a financial relationship with the manufacturer. Your surgeon will be glad to discuss the reasons for his/her choice of implant/product. You have the right to choose another facility or provider for your procedure. Glenn R. Buttermann, MD holds multiple patents. His industry consulting relationships include FG Solco. He also owns shares in Nexxt Spine LLC.

#### **Insurance Coverage for Other Facilities**

Some facilities may be out of network for certain health plans. Please contact the facility as well as your insurance plan for details regarding your coverage.